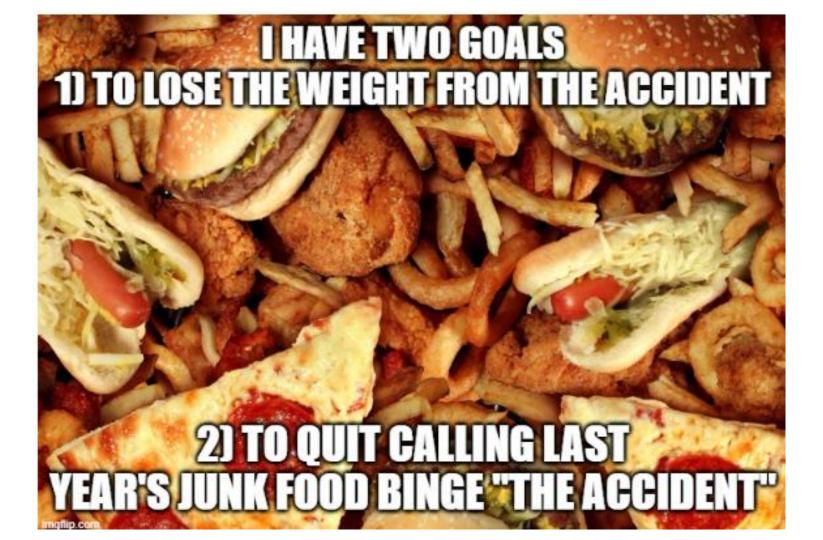
Dr. Shuck Föd is Medicine

DR. WHO?

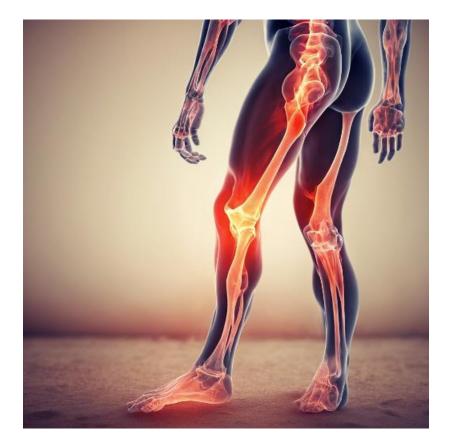


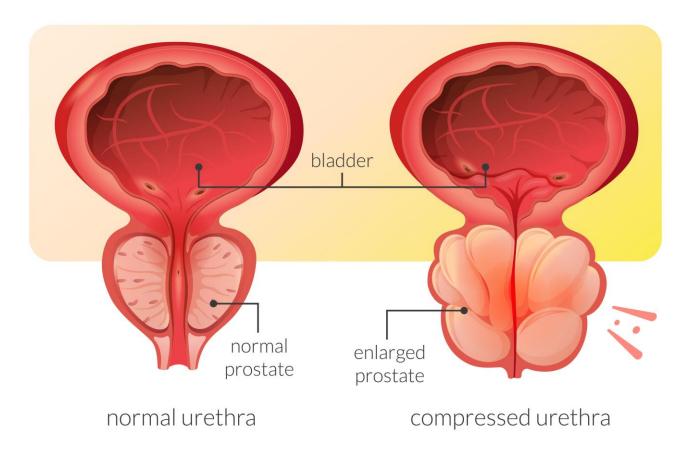
Struggling with Chronic Pain or Stubborn Weight?

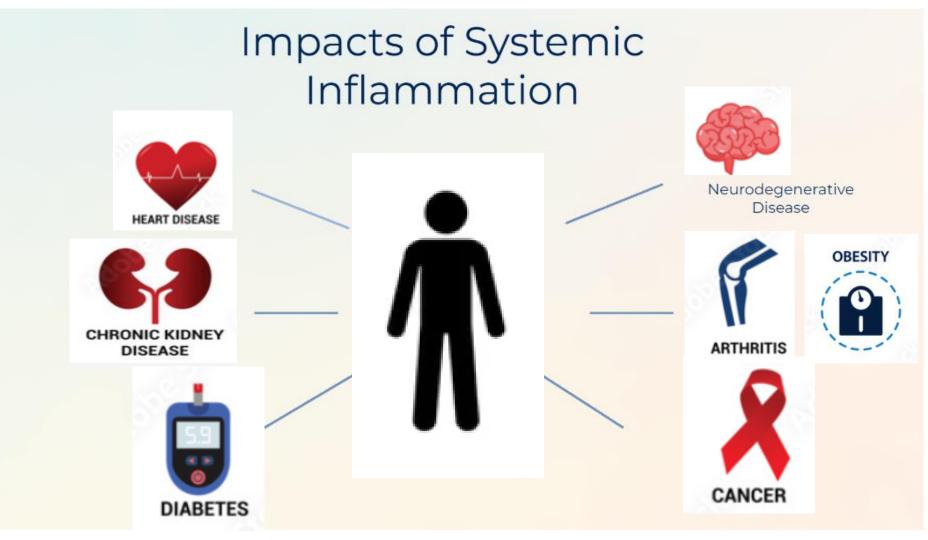
Losing the Weight and Ditching the Pain is Easier than You Think



 Osteoarthritis • Prostatitis Colitis Dermatitis • Nephritis







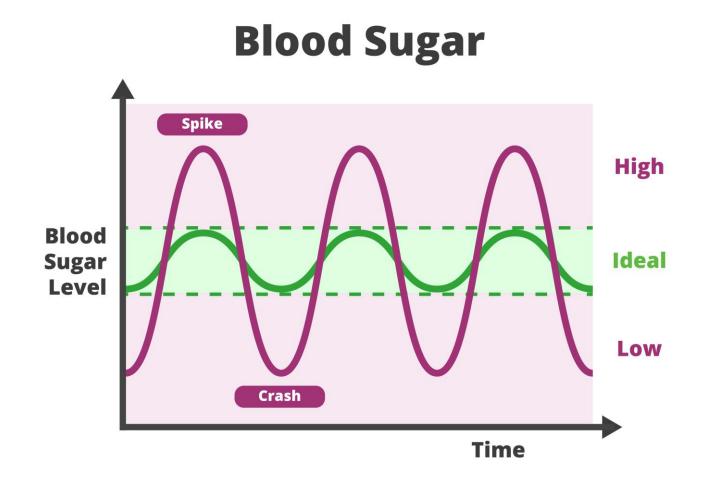
Food is the Foundation and the Frame





HEALING





What is Blood Sugar?



9 Grams Net Carbohydrates _





39 Grams Net Carbohydrates **__**



Risk Factors for Blood Sugar Issues

- Sedentary Lifestyle
- Constant High or Poorly Managed Stress Levels
- A diet *low* in fat and low in protein
- A diet high in carbohydrates
- Alcohol intake
- Nutrient Deficiencies/Adrenal Issues



What are some signs of blood sugar issues?

Early Signs:

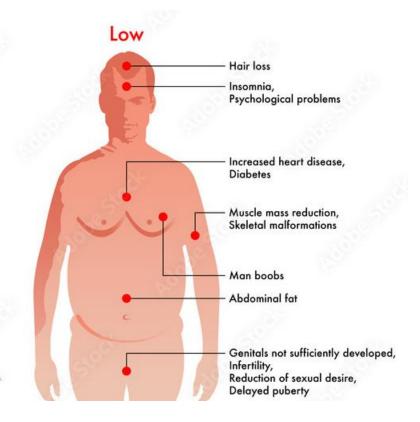
- Cravings for sweets between meals
- Dependency on coffee for energy
- Fatigue- eating makes this lessen
- Getting "Hangry"
- Moodiness/Anxiety
- Reactive hypoglycemia

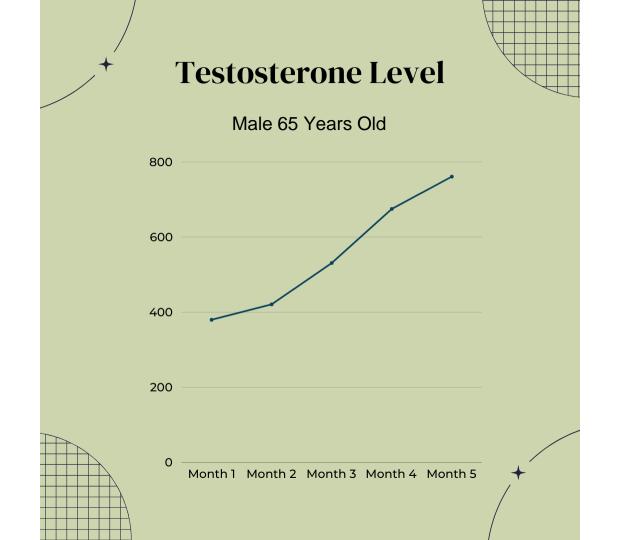




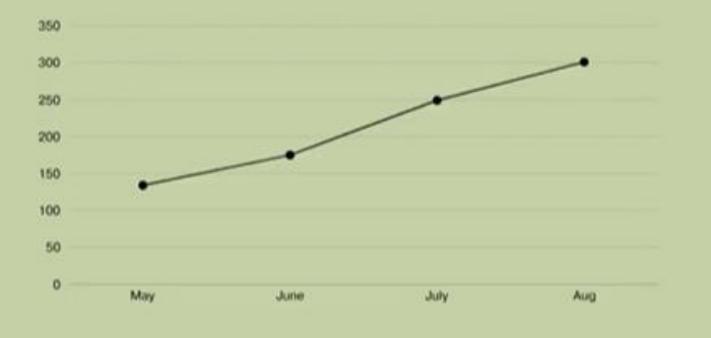
Men Specific Symptoms

- Can't stay awake during the day
- Insomnia
- Erectile Dysfunction
- UTIs
- Reduced Muscle Mass
- Low Testosterone





Testosterone Male Age 62



Women Specific Symptoms

- Yeast Infections
- Urinary Tract Infections
- Lack of Energy
- Brain Fog
- Low Mood
- PCOS







What are some signs of blood sugar issues?

Later Signs:

- Waist circumference
- Fatty Liver
- High HbA1c
- Inflammation



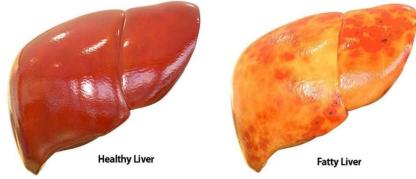
FATTY LIVER

FUNCTIONAL LABS VS. "NORMAL" LAB RANGES

Ultrasound? Invasive biopsy?

Nah.

Let's use the TyG Index Calculator



Fasting Glucose 80 (Reference range 74-100 mg/dL)

Fasting Triglycerides 130 (Reference range anything under 150 mg/dL)

Everything looks healthy and good, right?

FATTY LIVER

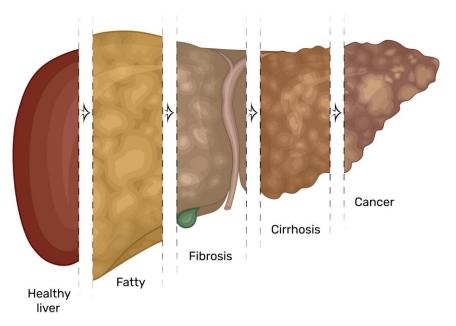
Plug those two numbers into the TyG Index Calculator and get

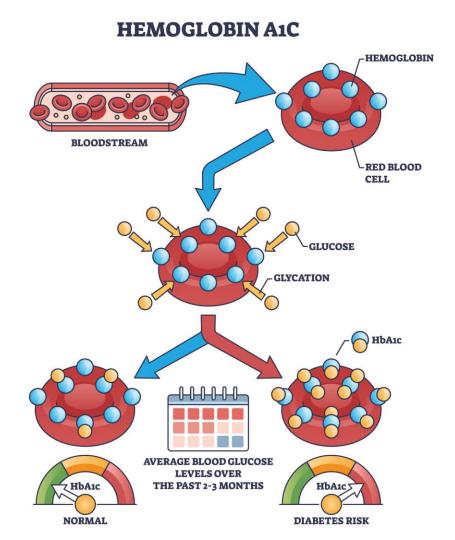
TyG Index #= 4.62

Anything over 4.49

- = High likelihood of fatty liver
- = Insulin resistance

Stages of liver damage





HEMOGLOBIN A1C

Functional numbers versus "normal" reference ranges

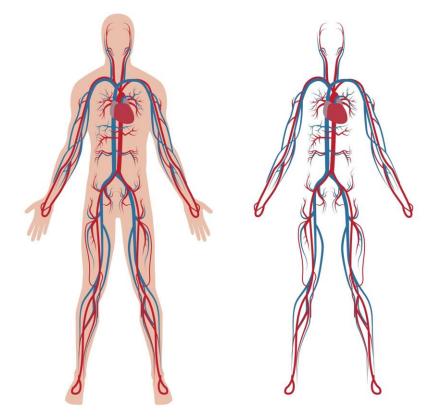
"Normal" Ranges:

- 5.7%= Prediabetic
- 6.5% and above= Diabetic

Functional, ie, Healthy Ranges

5.3% and below healthy range

5.4% and above, too much sugar in the blood



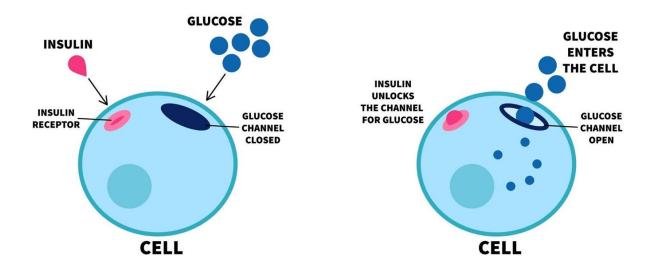
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM

Super Highway

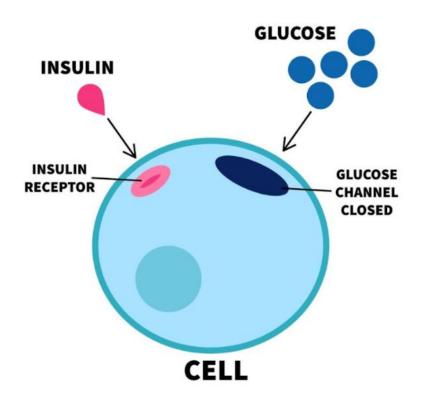
INSULIN AND BLOOD GLUCOSE

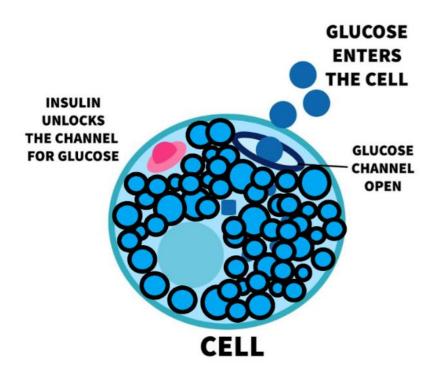
Insulin puts sugar (glucose) into the cells.

HOW DOES INSULIN WORK?



HOW DOES INSULIN WORK?

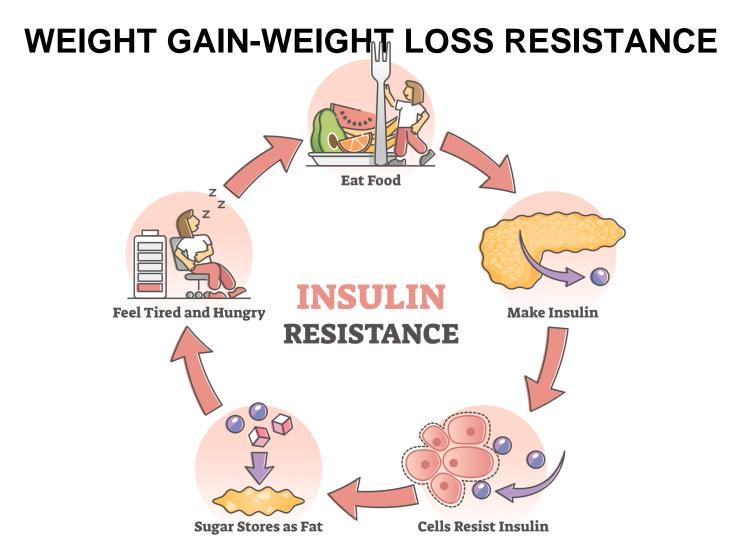




INFLAMMATION

20 car pile-up





Carbohydrates/Glucose/Sugar/Fiber

Fiber IS a carbohydrate - Body can't break it down on a level to where it enters the bloodstream, so fiber does not raise blood sugar.

We can subtract it out of our carb count on our foods





Mangos 25 g carbohydrates 3 grams fiber = 22 g carbohydrates/glucose

Grapes 18 g carbohydrates 1 g fiber=17 g carbohydrates/glucoe

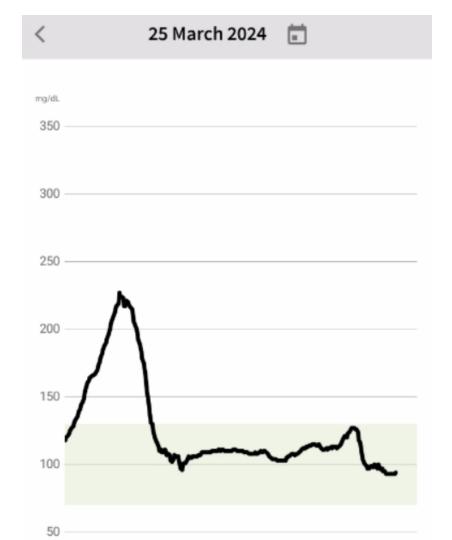
Banana 27 g carbohydrates 3 g fiber = 24 g carbohydrates

Pineapple 22 g carbohydrates 2 g fiber = 20 g carbohydrates/glucose

FAVORITE FOODS

Refined Grain Products

- Pizza 36 g carbs 3 g fiber= 33 g net carbohydrates
- Pasta (spaghetti noodles) Carbs 43 Fiber 3= 40 g net carbohydrates
- Bagels 55 g carbs Fiber 2= 53 g net carbohydrates
- Crackers 15 g carbs Fiber 2= 13 g net carbohydrates
- White Bread 18 g Carbs 1 g fiber= 17 g net carbohydrates
- Donut 29 g carbs 1 g fiber= 28 g net carbohydrates
- Honorable mention: pancakes, waffles, ice cream



FAVORITE FOODS



<u>Meat</u>

0 carbs, 0 fiber

<u>Vegetables</u>

-Spinach 7g carbs, 4 g fiber -Broccoli 6g carbs, 2 g fiber -Zucchini 5g carbs, 2 g fiber Nuts and Seeds -Walnuts 1 g carb, .5 g fiber

FAVORITE FOODS

<u>Dairy</u>

- -Skim milk 12 g carbs, 0 fiber
- -1%- 12 g carbs, 0 fiber
- -2% 12 g carbs, 0 fiber
- -Whole Milk 12 g carbs, 0 fiber



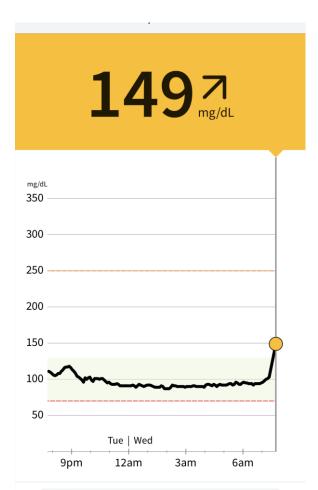
The difference is the fat content in the whole milk will help slow down a blood sugar spike. Protein and fat slow down blood sugar responses



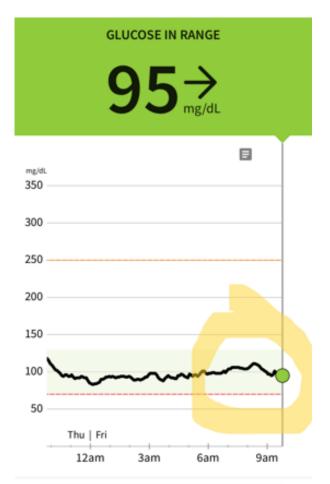
4 Ounces Raw Whole Milk



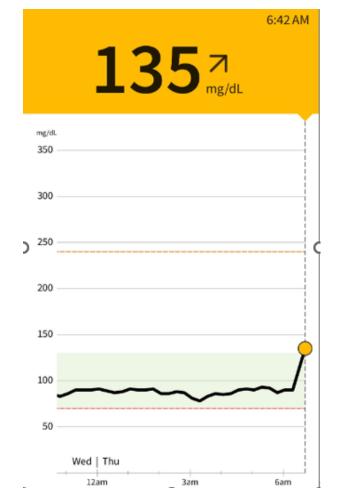
4 Ounces Skim Milk



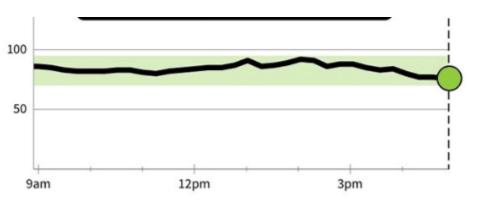
4 Oz Raw Milk

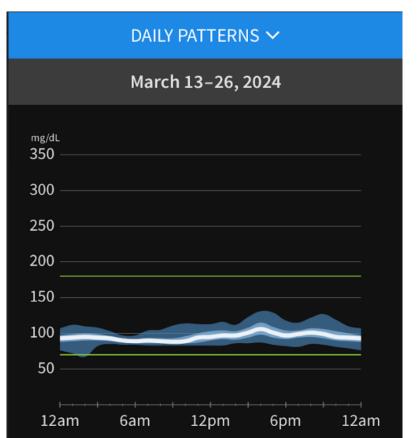


4 Oz Pasteurized Whole Milk



Favorite Foods



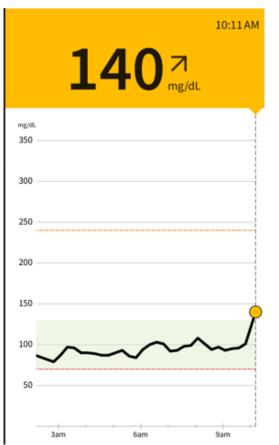


Potato Cooked in Animal Fat vs Cooked in Vegetable Oil

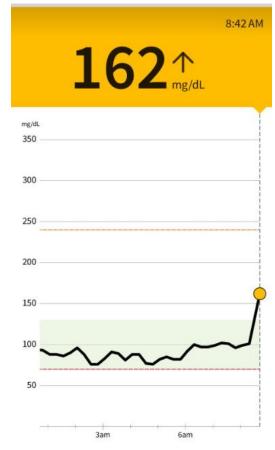




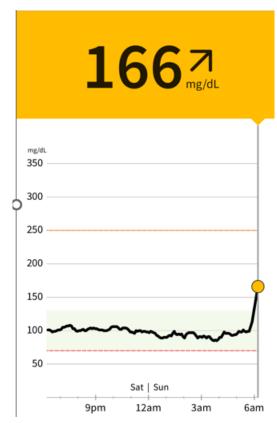
Whole Wheat



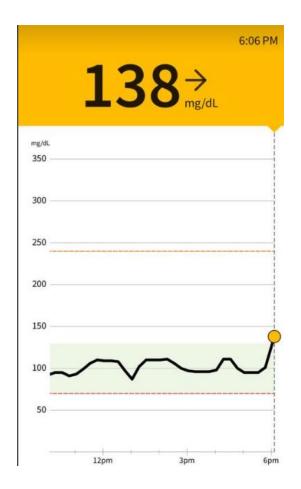
Sourdough Spelt



White Bread



Whole Wheat Bread-Margarine

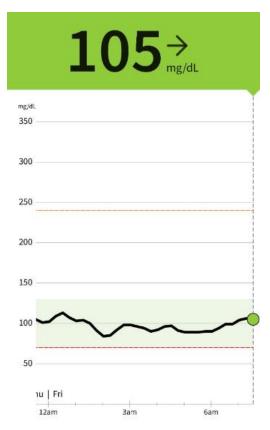


Whole Wheat Bread-Butter



WITH BUTTER!

Whole Wheat Bread



White Bread



How do you know for sure what your superhighway looks like?

YOU NEED LABS!



TOOLS

FOOD IS THE FOUNDATION AND THE FRAME FOR YOUR HOUSE OF HEALTH



Assess How You Eat

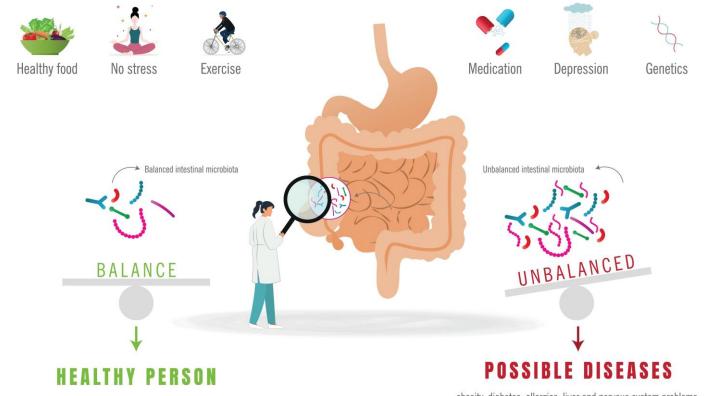


TOOLS

- Fermented Foods
- Healthy Fats
- Properly Prepared Plant Foods
- Good Quality Meats
- Balanced Meals



FERMENTED FOODS/HEALTHY GUT BACTERIA



obesity, diabetes, allergies, liver and nervous system problems.

TOOLS

HERBALS

- Insulin Plant
- Gymnema Sylvestre
- Fenugreek
- Barberry/Goldenseal (berberine)
- Amla
- Moringa
- Nopal (Prickly Pear)



TOOLS AMLA and MORINGA



TOOLS NOPAL (PRICKLY PEAR)



- Regular glucose
 meter
- Continuous Glucose
 Monitor
- Smart Watch (accuracy?)

	E GLUCOMETR :	
	< My Glucose	
se	ITOR Mage 1700 Mg/dL	
	13.00 18.00 21:00	
6	Add Note	

Steps to Ditching Chronic Pain and Stubborn Weight

- 1. Get your labs done. If you don't know where you're at, you don't know where you need to go.
- 2. Honestly assess how you eat/know how foods impact your blood sugar
- 3. Work with a professional who can see beyond the "traditional" reference ranges and can help guide you/offer accountability

GOOD HEALTH & HEALING

Steady Energy
No Carb or Sugar Cravings
No "Hangry" Episodes
Sleep Quality is Good
Pain Relief
Healing Happens

